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PAPER

# An efficient approach to pyrazolo[5,1-*a*]isoquinolin-2-amines *via* a silver(1)-catalyzed three-component reaction of 2-alkynylbenzaldehyde, sulfonohydrazide, and nitrile<sup>†</sup>

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A three-component reaction of 2-alkynylbenzaldehyde, sulfonohydrazide, and nitrile catalyzed by silver triflate under mild conditions is reported, which generates pyrazolo[5,1-*a*]isoquinolin-2-amines in good to excellent yields.

The development of novel and efficient methods using diversityoriented synthesis approaches for the formation of small molecules with privileged scaffolds is an important part of chemical genetics,<sup>1</sup> and continues to be of major importance in synthetic organic chemistry.<sup>2</sup> Among the strategies, multi-component reactions represent an effective and straightforward methodology for the synthesis of cyclic and polycyclic structures, which has attracted much attention.<sup>3</sup> In our laboratory, it has been our aim to develop new cascade processes<sup>4</sup> for the generation of natural product-like compounds.<sup>5</sup> Recently, we have developed a facile route for the construction of diverse pyrazolo[5,1-a]isoquinolines starting from 2-alkynylbenzaldehyde or N'-(2-alkynylbenzylidene)hydrazide.<sup>6</sup> Subsequent biological assays discovered that some of these compounds exhibit promising biological activities for inhibition of CDC25B, TC-PTP, and PTP1B.6d Additionally, various biological effects7 including antitumor activity8 have been reported for isoquinoline-fused polycyclic compounds such as pyrimido[2,1alisoquinolines and imidazo[2,1-alisoquinolines. In order to get more active hits from the corresponding biological evaluation, we need to introduce more diversities to the scaffold of pyrazolo[5,1-a]isoquinolines for the construction of functionalized pyrazolo[5,1-a]isoquinolines.

Therefore, pyrazolo[5,1-a]isoquinolin-2-amine was selected as the model compound for reaction development (Scheme 1). The introduction of an amino group in the scaffold would be beneficial for its further elaboration. In continuation of our recently developed methods for the silver-catalyzed reaction



Scheme 1 A possible mechanism for AgOTf-catalyzed three-component reaction of 2-alkynylbenzaldehyde, sulfonohydrazide, and nitrile.

of N'-(2-alkynylbenzylidene)hydrazide,<sup>6</sup> we hypothesized that the conversion could be traced back to 2-alkynylbenzaldehyde, sulfonohydrazide, and nitrile. As illustrated in Scheme 1, 2alkynylbenzaldehyde 1 condenses with sulfonohydrazide 2 to afford N'-(2-alkynylbenzylidene)hydrazide **A**. In the presence of a catalytic amount of silver triflate, isoquinolinium compound **B** could be produced *via* an intramolecular 6-*endo* cyclization. Subsequently, substituted acetonitrile 3 could become involved, to act as a nucleophile in the presence of a base to attack the isoquinolinium **B**. After generation of intermediate **C**, an intramolecular nucleophilic attack of nitrile could occur to furnish compound **D**, which could then undergo tautomerization and aromatization to produce the expected pyrazolo[5,1-*a*]isoquinolin-2-amine **4**.

On the basis of this chemistry, our first attempt to effect the reaction of N'-(2-alkynylbenzylidene)hydrazide A1 and malononitrile 3a was performed in the presence of 10 mol% of silver triflate (Scheme 2). Different bases and solvents were examined. Initially, a variety of bases such as  $K_3PO_4$ ,  $Cs_2CO_3$ ,  $K_2CO_3$ ,  $Et_3N$ , DABCO, 'Pr<sub>2</sub>NEt were added to the reaction in

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>†</sup> Electronic supplementary information (ESI) available: Experimental procedure, characterization data, <sup>1</sup>H and <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of compounds **4**, and a CIF file of compound **4e**. CCDC reference number 826050. For ESI and crystallographic data in CIF or other electronic format see DOI: 10.1039/c1ob05917c



Scheme 2 Initial studies for the synthesis of pyrazolo[5,1-*a*]-isoquinolin-2-amine 4a.

toluene. To our delight, the reaction worked most efficiently when DABCO was employed as the base, and the desired product **4a** was obtained in 67% yield. Subsequently, several solvents were screened. A similar result was observed when the reaction took place in THF (70% yield) or MeCN (71% yield). A higher yield was isolated when the reaction occurred in dichloroethane (85% yield). A further survey showed that the reaction performed in 1,4-dioxane afforded the corresponding product in 90% yield. With these results in hand, we re-explored the three-component reaction of 2-(2-phenylethynyl)benzaldehyde **1a**, sulfonohydrazide **2**, and malononitrile **3a** under the conditions mentioned above. Gratifyingly, pyrazolo[5,1-*a*]isoquinolin-2-amine **4a** was produced in 85% yield.

Next, investigations with various 2-alkynylbenzaldehydes 1 were conducted under the optimized conditions (10 mol% of AgOTf, DABCO, 1,4-dioxane). Table 1 shows the summary of results for the evaluation of the reactions. An excellent yield (96%) was obtained when 2-(2-phenylethynyl)benzaldehyde 1a, sulfonohydrazide 2, and ethyl 2-cyanoacetate 3b were put in a single pot (entry 2). The substitution by a cyclopropyl group at the triple bond position of 2-alkynylbenzaldehydes 1b showed a similar reactivity when sulfonohydrazide 2 and malononitrile 3a were involved in the reaction (91% yield, entry 3). Reaction of 2-alkynylbenzaldehydes 1b, sulfonohydrazide 2, and ethyl 2cyanoacetate 3b decreased the yield of the desired product 4d (65% yield, entry 4). Noticeably, 2-alkynylbenzaldehyde 1c reacted with sulfonohydrazide 2 and malononitrile 3a leading to the corresponding pyrazolo[5,1-a]isoquinolin-2-amine 4e in an almost quantitative yield (entry 5). Additionally, the structure of compound 4e was unambiguously identified by X-ray crystallography analysis (see the ESI<sup>†</sup>). A slightly lower yield was obtained when ethyl 2-cyanoacetate 3b was used as a replacement in the reaction (90% yield, entry 6). Interestingly, 2-alkynylbenzaldehydes 1d with a trimethylsilyl group attached to the triple bond was a good substrate in this transformation (entries 7 and 8), which was in contrast to the previous reports.6 However, the product obtained was the desilvlated one. Finally, reactions of a series of substituted 2-alkynylbenzaldehydes 1 with electron-donating groups or electron-withdrawing groups attached on the aromatic ring were explored under the standard conditions. All the reactions worked well to afford the desired pyrazolo[5,1-a]isoquinolin-2amines in good to excellent yields (entries 9-18). For example, the conditions could be applicable to the reaction of fluorosubstituted 2-alkynylbenzaldehydes **1h**, sulfonohydrazide **2**, and ethyl 2-cyanoacetate 3b, which gave rise to the expected product 4p in 98% yield (entry 16).

In summary, we have described a novel and efficient route to pyrazolo[5,1-*a*]isoquinolin-2-amines by a three-component cascade cyclization strategy. This AgOTf-catalyzed three-component reaction of 2-alkynylbenzaldehyde, sulfonohydrazide, and nitrile proceeds smoothly with the formation of one carbon–carbon and  
 Table 1
 Synthesis of pyrazolo[5,1-a]isoquinolin-2-amines via AgOTfcatalyzed three-component reaction of 2-alkynylbenzaldehyde, sulfonohydrazide, and nitrile

	$R^{1} \stackrel{\text{II}}{\underset{1}{\overset{1}{\overset{1}{\overset{1}{\overset{1}{\overset{1}{\overset{1}{$	H <sub>2</sub> AgOTf (10 mol %) DABCO 1,4-dioxane R <sup>1</sup>	R <sup>3</sup>	NH <sub>2</sub> N R <sup>2</sup> 4
Entry	2-Alkynylbenzaldehyde	Nitrile	Product	Yield (%) <sup>a</sup>
1	CHO Ph 1a	NC <sup>CN</sup> 3a	4a	85
2	1a	EtO <sub>2</sub> C <sup>CN</sup> 3b	4b	96
3	СНО	NC <sup>CN</sup> 3a	4c	91
	$\nabla_{1b}$			
4	1b	EtO <sub>2</sub> C <sup>CN</sup> 3b	4d	65
5	CHO	NC <sup>CN</sup> 3a	<b>4</b> e	99
6	1c	EtO <sub>2</sub> C CN 21	4f	90
7	СНО	NC <sup>←</sup> CN 38	4g	99 <sup><i>b</i></sup>
	SiMe <sub>3</sub> 1d			
8	1d	EtO <sub>2</sub> C <sup>CN</sup> 3b	4h	93 <sup>b</sup>
9	F CHO	NC <sup>CN</sup> 3a	4i	84
	<sup>Ph</sup> 1e			
10	1e	EtO <sub>2</sub> C <sup>CN</sup> 3b	4j	90
11	F CHO	NC <sup>CN</sup> 3a	4k	96
12	lf	EtO <sub>2</sub> C <sup>CN</sup> 3b	41	88
13	FCHO	NC∕CN 3a	4m	66
	<sup>Ph</sup> 1g			
14	1g	EtO <sub>2</sub> C <sup>CN</sup> 3b	4n	98
15	FCHO	NC <sup>CN</sup> 3a	40	87
	$ abla_{1h}$			
16	1h	EtO <sub>2</sub> C <sup>CN</sup> 3b	4p	98



<sup>*a*</sup> Isolated yield based on 2-alkynylbenzaldehyde 1. <sup>*b*</sup> Desilylated compound was obtained ( $R^2 = H$ ).

three carbon–nitrogen bonds. Diverse pyrazolo[5,1-*a*]isoquinolin-2-amines are generated in good to excellent yields under mild conditions starting from easily available materials. Library construction and subsequent biological evaluation are in progress in our laboratory.

## **Experimental section**

General experimental procedure for the synthesis of pyrazolo[5,1*a*]isoquinolin-2-amines *via* an AgOTf-catalyzed three-component reaction of 2-alkynylbenzaldehyde, sulfonohydrazide, and nitrile: A mixture of 2-alkynylbenzaldehyde **1** (0.3 mmol, 1.0 equiv), AgOTf (7.7 mg, 10 mol%), and sulfonohydrazide **2** (0.3 mmol, 1.0 equiv) in 1,4-dioxane (1.0 mL) was stirred at 70 °C vigorously for 1 h. Then nitrile **3** (0.6 mmol, 2.0 equiv) and DABCO (0.6 mmol, 2.0 equiv) were added. After completion of the reaction as indicated by TLC, the reaction mixture was quenched with water (5.0 mL) and diluted with ethyl acetate (5.0 mL). The organic layer was washed with brine, dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel to provide the desired product **4**.

2-Amino-5-phenylpyrazolo[5,1-*a*]isoquinoline-1-carbonitrile (**4a**). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- $d_6$ ):  $\delta$  6.32 (s, 2H), 7.29 (s, 1H), 7.47–7.53 (m, 3H), 7.65–7.70 (m, 2H), 7.77–7.79 (m, 2H), 7.91– 7.93 (m, 1H), 8.46–8.48 (m, 1H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO- $d_6$ ):  $\delta$  69.7, 112.6, 115.9, 120.7, 122.1, 127.7, 127.9, 128.1, 129.2, 129.4, 129.5, 130.1, 133.0, 137.2, 140.4, 159.2; HRMS calcd for C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>12</sub>N<sub>4</sub> (M<sup>+</sup> + H): 285.1140, found: 285.1147.

2-Amino-5-cyclopropylpyrazolo[5,1-*a*]isoquinoline-1-carbonitrile (**4b**). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>):  $\delta$  0.90–0.91 (m, 2H), 1.07–1.09 (m, 2H), 2.45–2.50 (m, 1H), 6.34 (s, 2H), 6.93 (s, 1H), 7.59–7.61 (m, 2H), 7.77–7.78 (m, 1H), 8.39–8.40 (m, 1H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>):  $\delta$  7.4, 11.1, 69.4, 106.5, 116.0, 119.8, 122.0, 127.0, 127.1, 129.2, 130.2, 139.7, 140.2, 159.3; HRMS calcd for C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>12</sub>N<sub>4</sub> (M<sup>+</sup> + Na): 271.0960, found: 271.0977.

2-Amino-5-butylpyrazolo[5,1-*a*]isoquinoline-1-carbonitrile (**4c**). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>):  $\delta$  0.89 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 1.33– 1.38 (m, 2H), 1.67–1.71 (m, 2H), 2.91–2.94 (m, 2H), 6.31 (s, 2H), 7.03 (s, 1H), 7.61–7.62 (m, 2H), 7.79–7.80 (m, 1H), 8.38–8.40 (m, 1H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>):  $\delta$  13.7, 21.9, 28.3, 30.1, 69.2, 109.7, 116.0, 120.1, 122.0, 127.0, 127.1, 129.3, 130.0, 138.5, 139.7, 159.2; HRMS calcd for  $C_{16}H_{16}N_4$  (M<sup>+</sup> + H): 265.1453, found: 265.1464.

2-Aminopyrazolo[5,1-*a*]isoquinoline-1-carbonitrile (**4d**). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- $d_6$ ):  $\delta$  6.29 (s, 2H), 7.24 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 1H), 7.65–7.73 (m, 2H), 7.89–7.91 (m, 1H), 8.26 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 1H), 8.40 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 1H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO- $d_6$ ):  $\delta$ 69.0, 112.2, 115.9, 121.2, 122.2, 126.1, 127.7, 128.1, 129.4, 129.8, 139.3, 159.7; HRMS calcd for C<sub>12</sub>H<sub>8</sub>N<sub>4</sub> (M<sup>+</sup> + Na): 231.0647, found: 231.0660.

2-Amino-8-fluoro-5-phenylpyrazolo[5,1-*a*]isoquinoline-1-carbonitrile (**4e**). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- $d_6$ ):  $\delta$  6.34 (s, 2H), 7.28 (s, 1H), 7.50–7.59 (m, 4H), 7.71–7.76 (m, 3H), 8.46 (dd, J = 8.4, 5.6 Hz, 1H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO- $d_6$ )  $\delta$  69.7, 111.9, 112.1 (d, <sup>2</sup> $J_{CF} = 22$  Hz), 115.8, 116.9 (d, <sup>2</sup> $J_{CF} = 24$  Hz), 117.7, 125.1 (d, <sup>3</sup> $J_{CF} = 10$  Hz), 128.1, 129.4, 132.2 (d, <sup>3</sup> $J_{CF} = 10$  Hz), 132.7, 138.1, 140.2, 159.1, 161.9 (d, <sup>1</sup> $J_{CF} = 246$  Hz); HRMS calcd for C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>11</sub>FN<sub>4</sub> (M<sup>+</sup> + Na): 325.0865, found: 325.0861.

2-Amino-5-butyl-8-fluoropyrazolo[5,1-*a*]isoquinoline-1-carbonitrile (**4f**). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>):  $\delta$  0.92 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 1.34–1.43 (m, 2H), 1.69–1.72 (m, 2H), 2.92–2.96 (m, 2H), 6.35 (s, 2H), 7.07 (s, 1H), 7.51–7.55 (m, 1H), 7.65 (d, *J* = 9.6 Hz, 1H), 8.39–8.42 (m, 1H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>)  $\delta$  13.7, 21.9, 28.2, 30.1, 69.2, 109.0, 111.4 (d, <sup>2</sup>*J*<sub>CF</sub> = 22 Hz), 115.8, 116.1 (d, <sup>2</sup>*J*<sub>CF</sub> = 24 Hz), 117.0, 124.9 (d, <sup>3</sup>*J*<sub>CF</sub> = 10 Hz), 132.2 (d, <sup>3</sup>*J*<sub>CF</sub> = 10 Hz), 139.5, 139.6, 159.1, 161.9 (d, <sup>1</sup>*J*<sub>CF</sub> = 246 Hz); HRMS calcd for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>15</sub>FN<sub>4</sub> (M<sup>+</sup> + Na): 305.1178, found: 305.1189.

2-Amino-9-fluoro-5-phenylpyrazolo[5,1-*a*]isoquinoline-1-carbonitrile (**4g**). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- $d_6$ ):  $\delta$  6.34 (s, 2H), 7.30 (s, 1H), 7.49–7.55 (m, 4H), 7.75–7.76 (m, 2H), 7.98–8.00 (m, 2H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO- $d_6$ )  $\delta$  69.9, 106.6 (d, <sup>2</sup> $J_{CF}$  = 24 Hz), 112.2, 115.6, 118.5 (d, <sup>2</sup> $J_{CF}$  = 24 Hz), 121.5 (d, <sup>3</sup> $J_{CF}$  = 10 Hz), 127.0, 128.1, 129.2, 129.4, 130.8 (d, <sup>3</sup> $J_{CF}$  = 9 Hz), 132.8, 136.6, 139.5, 159.1, 160.6 (d, <sup>1</sup> $J_{CF}$  = 245 Hz); HRMS calcd for C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>11</sub>FN<sub>4</sub> (M<sup>+</sup> + H): 303.1046, found: 303.1057.

2-Amino-5-cyclopropyl-9-fluoropyrazolo[5,1-*a*]isoquinoline-1carbonitrile (**4h**). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>):  $\delta$  0.90–0.91 (m, 2H), 1.08–1.10 (m, 2H), 2.45–2.50 (m, 1H), 6.42 (s, 2H), 7.02 (s, 1H), 7.53–7.57 (m, 1H), 7.88–7.91 (m, 1H), 7.98 (d, *J* = 9.6 Hz, 1H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>)  $\delta$  7.4, 11.1, 69.5, 106.3, 106.5(d, <sup>2</sup>*J*<sub>CF</sub> = 24 Hz), 115.8, 118.4(d, <sup>2</sup>*J*<sub>CF</sub> = 24 Hz), 120.6 (d, <sup>3</sup>*J*<sub>CF</sub> = 10 Hz), 127.3, 130.2 (d, <sup>3</sup>*J*<sub>CF</sub> = 9 Hz), 138.9, 139.8, 159.3, 160.1 (d, <sup>1</sup>*J*<sub>CF</sub> = 243 Hz); HRMS calcd for C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>11</sub>FN<sub>4</sub> (M<sup>+</sup> + Na): 289.0865, found: 289.0879.

2-Amino-9-methyl-5-phenylpyrazolo[5,1-*a*]isoquinoline-1-carbonitrile (**4i**). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- $d_6$ ):  $\delta$  2.47 (s, 3H), 6.26 (s, 2H), 7.20 (s, 1H), 7.44–7.49 (m, 4H), 7.75–7.76 (m, 3H), 8.18 (s, 1H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO- $d_6$ )  $\delta$  21.5, 69.4, 112.5, 116.0, 120.7, 121.2, 127.5, 127.9, 128.1, 129.1, 129.4, 131.0, 133.0, 136.3, 137.4, 139.9, 159.0; HRMS calcd for C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>14</sub>N<sub>4</sub> (M<sup>+</sup> + H): 299.1297, found: 299.1321.

Ethyl 2-amino-5-phenylpyrazolo[5,1-*a*]isoquinoline-1-carboxylate (**4j**). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 1.48 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 4.44–4.50 (m, 2H), 5.16 (s, 2H), 7.07 (s, 1H), 7.48–7.51 (m, 3H), 7.56–7.59 (m, 2H), 7.69–7.71 (m, 1H), 7.77–7.79 (m, 2H), 9.67–9.70 (m, 1H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 14.8, 60.6, 93.4, 114.3, 123.2, 127.1, 127.2, 127.7, 128.5, 129.2, 129.6, 129.9, 131.5, 134.1, 137.8, 140.5, 158.5, 164.9; HRMS calcd for  $C_{20}H_{17}N_3O_2$  (M<sup>+</sup> + H): 332.1399, found: 332.1396.

Ethyl 2-amino-5-cyclopropylpyrazolo[5,1-*a*]isoquinoline-1-carboxylate (**4k**). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  0.86–0.90 (m, 2H), 1.14–1.19 (m, 2H), 1.48 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 2.56–2.63 (m, 1H), 4.44–4.50 (m, 2H), 5.29 (s, 2H), 6.17 (s, 1H), 7.50–7.62 (m, 3H), 9.62–9.64 (m, 1H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.3, 11.5, 14.5, 60.2, 92.9, 108.0, 122.1, 126.0, 126.2, 127.2, 128.6, 131.2, 139.9, 158.3, 164.6; HRMS calcd for C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>17</sub>N<sub>3</sub>O<sub>2</sub> (M<sup>+</sup> + H): 296.1399, found: 296.1397.

Ethyl 2-amino-5-butylpyrazolo[5,1-*a*]isoquinoline-1-carboxylate (**4**). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  0.99 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 1.48 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 1.43–1.53 (m, 2H), 1.78–1.85 (m, 2H), 3.03–3.07 (m, 2H), 4.44–4.49 (m, 2H), 5.22 (s, 2H), 6.89 (s, 1H), 7.50–7.57 (m, 2H), 7.63–7.65 (m, 1H), 9.62–9.64 (m, 1H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  14.3, 14.9, 22.8, 29.2, 31.2, 60.5, 93.1, 111.2, 122.7, 126.3, 126.6, 127.6, 128.9, 131.5, 139.0, 140.0, 158.5, 165.0; HRMS calcd for C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>21</sub>N<sub>3</sub>O<sub>2</sub> (M<sup>+</sup> + H): 312.1712, found: 312.1721.

Ethyl 2-aminopyrazolo[5,1-*a*]isoquinoline-1-carboxylate (**4m**). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  1.48 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 4.44–4.49 (m, 2H), 5.23 (s, 2H), 7.05 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.56–7.61 (m, 2H), 7.67–7.70 (m, 1H), 8.01 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 9.65–9.68 (m, 1H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  14.9, 60.7, 93.2, 113.5, 123.9, 125.9, 127.3, 127.5, 128.0, 129.2, 131.3, 139.6, 159.2, 164.8; HRMS calcd for C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>13</sub>N<sub>3</sub>O<sub>2</sub> (M<sup>+</sup> + H): 256.1086, found: 256.1101.

Ethyl 2-amino-8-fluoro-5-phenylpyrazolo[5,1-*a*]isoquinoline-1carboxylate (**4n**). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>):  $\delta$  1.37 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 3H), 4.35–4.40 (m, 2H), 6.05 (s, 2H), 7.33 (s, 1H), 7.45– 7.55 (m, 4H), 7.70–7.76 (m, 3H), 9.68–9.72 (m, 1H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>)  $\delta$  14.3, 59.9, 92.0, 111.4 (d, <sup>2</sup>*J*<sub>CF</sub> = 20 Hz), 112.7, 115.5 (d, <sup>2</sup>*J*<sub>CF</sub> = 24 Hz), 118.9, 128.1, 129.2, 129.5, 129.8 (d, <sup>3</sup>*J*<sub>CF</sub> = 9 Hz), 133.0 (d, <sup>3</sup>*J*<sub>CF</sub> = 10 Hz), 133.4, 137.9, 138.9, 158.3, 161.6 (d, <sup>1</sup>*J*<sub>CF</sub> = 246 Hz), 163.9; HRMS calcd for C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>16</sub>FN<sub>3</sub>O<sub>2</sub> (M<sup>+</sup> + H): 350.1305, found: 350.1321.

Ethyl 2-amino-5-butyl-8-fluoropyrazolo[5,1-*a*]isoquinoline-1carboxylate (**40**). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 0.99 (t, J =7.2 Hz, 3H), 1.47 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 1.43–1.52 (m, 2H), 1.75–1.83 (m, 2H), 3.01–3.04 (m, 2H), 4.43–4.48 (m, 2H), 5.21 (s, 2H), 6.80 (s, 1H), 7.21–7.25 (m, 2H), 9.70–9.74 (m, 1H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 14.2, 14.8, 22.8, 29.1, 31.1, 60.6, 93.0, 110.4, 110.7 (d, <sup>2</sup> $J_{CF} =$  22 Hz), 115.1 (d, <sup>2</sup> $J_{CF} =$  23 Hz), 119.4, 130.6 (d, <sup>3</sup> $J_{CF} =$  9 Hz), 133.5 (d, <sup>3</sup> $J_{CF} =$  9 Hz), 139.9, 140.0, 158.4, 162.6 (d, <sup>1</sup> $J_{CF} =$  248 Hz), 164.8; HRMS calcd for C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>20</sub>FN<sub>3</sub>O<sub>2</sub> (M<sup>+</sup> + H): 330.1618, found: 330.1592.

Ethyl 2-amino-9-fluoro-5-phenylpyrazolo[5,1-*a*]isoquinoline-1carboxylate (**4p**). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>):  $\delta$  1.38 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 3H), 4.35–4.41 (m, 2H), 6.09 (s, 2H), 7.39 (s, 1H), 7.48–7.58 (m, 4H), 7.75–7.77 (m, 2H), 7.98 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 9.45–9.48 (m, 1H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>)  $\delta$  14.2, 60.0, 92.1, 111.3 (d, <sup>2</sup>*J*<sub>CF</sub> = 25 Hz), 113.0, 118.9 (d, <sup>2</sup>*J*<sub>CF</sub> = 24 Hz), 119.0, 123.1, 127.7, 128.1, 129.0, 129.6, 130.0, 133.5, 136.4, 158.3, 160.2 (d, <sup>1</sup>*J*<sub>CF</sub> = 232 Hz), 163.9; HRMS calcd for C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>16</sub>FN<sub>3</sub>O<sub>2</sub> (M<sup>+</sup> + H): 350.1305, found: 350.1305.

Ethyl 2-amino-5-cyclopropyl-9-fluoropyrazolo[5,1-*a*]isoquinoline-1-carboxylate (**4q**). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  0.84–0.85 (m, 2H), 1.03–1.05 (m, 2H), 1.35 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 3H), 2.45–2.50 (m, 1H), 4.32–4.34 (m, 2H), 6.09 (s, 2H), 6.94 (s, 1H), 7.38–7.42 (m, 1H), 7.72–7.75 (m, 1H), 9.30–9.33 (m, 1H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.3, 11.3, 14.2, 59.9, 91.9, 107.0, 111.1 (d,  ${}^{2}J_{CF} = 26$  Hz), 117.4 (d,  ${}^{2}J_{CF} = 24$  Hz), 122.1 (d,  ${}^{3}J_{CF} = 11$  Hz), 127.7, 129.1 (d,  ${}^{3}J_{CF} = 9$  Hz), 137.8, 139.2, 158.4, 159.6 (d,  ${}^{1}J_{CF} = 240$  Hz), 163.9; HRMS calcd for C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>16</sub>FN<sub>3</sub>O<sub>2</sub> (M<sup>+</sup> + Na): 336.1124, found: 336.1143.

Ethyl 2-amino-9-methyl-5-phenylpyrazolo[5,1-*a*]isoquinoline-1-carboxylate (**4r**). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 1.50 (t, J =7.2 Hz, 3H), 2.58 (s, 3H), 4.46–4.51 (m, 2H), 5.18 (s, 2H), 7.05 (s, 1H), 7.42 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.46–7.52 (m, 3H), 7.61 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.77–7.79 (m, 2H), 9.46 (s, 1H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 14.5, 22.0, 60.2, 92.7, 113.9, 122.9, 126.7, 126.8, 128.1, 129.0, 129.1, 129.5, 130.5, 133.9, 136.7, 139.7, 147.0, 158.3, 164.6; HRMS calcd for C<sub>21</sub>H<sub>19</sub>N<sub>3</sub>O<sub>2</sub> (M<sup>+</sup> + H): 346.1556, found: 346.1558.

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